

# **RESEARCH REPORT**

VTT-R-01277-14/EN REPLACES RESEARCH REPORT NR VTT-R-07409-11/EN

# **Concrete repair materials SILKO-tests 2014**

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Summary	

This is an unofficial translation of the Finnish research report. In case of interpretation disputes the Finnish report.

These test instructions are to be used in examining the suitability of repair materials for outdoor concrete structures owned by Finnish Transport Agency. On the basis of test results Finnish Transport Agency decides on the acceptability of repair materials for their use. The approved materials are published in SILKO-directions which are available on the web pages of Finnish Transport Agency, Agency, http://portal.liikennevirasto.fi/sivu/www/f/urakoitsijat suunnittelijat/vaylanpidon ohjeet/sillat/ko rjausohjeet/SILKO. This test programme has been valid since 2007 and it was written out as publication and translated in English in 2009.

Concrete repair materials are divided in groups on the basis of their use and binder. In these instructions the cementitious products are called mortars or grouts if the maximum grain size is 4 mm and concretes if the maximum grain size is larger. The materials with only organic binder are called mastics.

Part of the SILKO-tests are obligatory and part of them are voluntary. The obligatory tests must be carried out on all repair materials for which the acceptance by Finnish Transport Agency is applied for. The voluntary tests are carried out to prove that a material has a special property suitable for a special case.

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# 1. Introduction

These test instructions are to be used in examining the suitability of repair materials for the reparation of outdoor concrete structures owned by Finnish Transport Agency. These instructions concern pre-mixed dry concretes, patch mortars and mastics, jointing grouts and mastics, screeds, pre-mixed shotcretes and air-blown mortars. The test programme is prepared corresponding to typical Finnish bridge environments using as much European test standards as possible. On the basis of test results Finnish Transport Agency decides on the acceptability of repair materials for their use. The approved materials are published in SILKO-directions which are available on the web pages of Finnish Transport Agency, <a href="http://alk.tiehallinto.fi/sillat/silko/silko1.htm">http://alk.tiehallinto.fi/sillat/silko/silko1.htm</a>.

The test specimens for SILKO-tests are prepared by the product agent under the surveillance of the VTT representative. The tests on fresh mixture are carried out by the VTT representative in the presence of the product agent. Any exception to this procedure should be noted in the test report.

### 2. **Product groups and their test programmes**

Concrete repair materials are divided in groups on the basis of their use and binder. In these instructions the cementitious products are called mortars or grouts if the maximum grain size is 4 mm and concretes if the maximum grain size is larger. The materials with only organic binder are called mastics.

Part of the SILKO-tests are obligatory and part of them are voluntary. The obligatory tests must be carried out on all the materials that are applied for acceptance by Finnish Transport Agency. The voluntary tests are carried out to prove that a material has a special property suitable for a special case. The properties of different groups of materials that are tested are listed in Table 1, along with the test methods.

Other than the European test methods of the test programme are described in chapters 4 and 5.



Table 1. Tests. P = Obligatory test, V = Voluntary test.

Property	Test	Pre-mixed	Pre-mixed dry	Patch	Patch	Jointing	Jointing	Screeds	Critetion
		dry	shotcretes, air-	mortars	mastics	grouts	mastics		
		concretes	blown mortars			)			
				Componen	ıts				
Product identification	IR EN 1767	P <sup>1)</sup>	P <sup>1)</sup>	P <sup>1)</sup>	٩	P <sup>1)</sup>	٩	P <sup>1)</sup>	
	XRD	٩	٩	٩	٩	٩.		٩.	
Chloride content	EN 1015-17	Ъ	Ь	Ч	Ъ	٩.	٩	Р	≤ 0.05 %
				Fresh mi	×				
Consistency	EN 13395-1								No criterion
	(tixotropic			٩	٩	۵	٩	٩	No classification
	materials)) EN 13305-2			-		-			Numeric result in SILKO
	EN 13395-3								- 2 -
Air content	EN 12350-7	٩		٩		٩		P <sup>2)</sup>	- " -
Density	EN 12350-6	٩		٩		٩		Р	- 8 -
Bleeding	EN 480-4	٩		٩		۵.		٩	- 8 -
Setting Time	EN 13294	Ъ		Ч					- 35 -
Temperature	Calibrated	٩.		Ъ		۵.		Ь	
				lardened ma	terial				
									≥10 MPa
Compressive strength	EN 12190			٩	۵.	۵.	۵.	٩.	No classification
		(	1						Numeric result in SILKO
	EN 12390-3	٩.	٩.						- 2 -
			l					I	No criterion
Density	EN 12390-7	۵.	۵.	۵.	ሲ	ሲ	۵.	ፈ	No classification Numeric result in SILKO
									+ ≤ 10 mm
Carbonation	EN 13295	٩	٩	٩		>			++ ≤5mm
									+++ ≤ 2 mm
									No criterion
Colour and darkness	SS 81 20 03	۵.	٩	۵	ድ	۵	ፈ		No classification Numeric result in SII KO

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Table 1. Continued

Property	Test	Pre-mixed	Pre-mixed dry	Patch	Patch	Jointing	Jointing	Screeds	Critetion
		dry	shotcretes, air-	mortars	mastics	grouts	mastics		
		concretes	blown mortars			)			
									Average crack width ≤ 0,05 mm No crack ≥ 0,1 mm.
									No lamination.
									a) + scaling ≤ 2 mm, > 60 % of surface
- - - - -									++ scaling ≤ 1 mm, 20 % ≤ x ≤ 60 %
Frost-salt durability and the									of surface
effect of freezing and	EN 13687-1	٩	٩	٩	Ъ	٩	۵.	Ъ.	+++scaling ≤ 0,5mm, < 20 % of
thawing on the adhesion									surface
)									b) Bond after 50 cvcles:
									. + ≥ 0,8 MPa
									++ ≥ 1.5 MPa
									+++ >0 MDo
									Total result= average (a+b)
Bond to the concrete and	EN 1610	۵	C						In cohesion failure ≥ 0.5 MPa
tendency to sag		L	L.	L	L	L	L	L	++ ≥ 1.5 MPa
									+++ ≥ 2 MPa
Applicability for underwater	SILKO-test	>		>	>	>	>		Weight chage ≤ 2 %
casting			>						Water must remain clear
									+ $\leq 38 \text{ cm}^3$
									++ $\leq 30 \text{ cm}^3$
Wear resistance	EN 12697-16-A	>				>	>		+++ $\leq 22 \text{ cm}^3$
									The abrasion classification is according
									to the valid asphalt standard.
Chloride penetration	EN 13396	>	>	>	>	>	>	٧	
	EN 13395-4								+ ≥ 0.8 MPa
	(Ref. concrete	>	2	2	~	>	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	In cohesion failure ≥ 0.5 MPa
	MC (0,40))	>	>	>	>	>	>	>	++ ≥ 1.5 MPa
									+++ ≥ 2 MPa
<sup>1)</sup> Obligatory for polymer cont	aining products <sup>2)</sup>	Obligatory whe	In the test is suitable	e for the proc					

Ubligatory when the test is suitable for the product. Ubligatory for polymer containing products.



# 3. Tests of cement based repair materials required for the certified product declaration

The certified product declaration for cement based repair materials of outdoor concrete structures containing polymers not more than 25% by weight of cement is granted by the Concrete Association of Finland. The product declaration can not be applied on the basis of SILKO-tests. The full details of the required tests are presented in the form "by 9 Korjausmateriaalit" of the Concrete Association of Finland.

# 4. Colour and darkness

#### 4.1 Principle

The colour and darkness of the examined surface is compared to a colour model.

#### 4.2 Test procedure

The darkness of the mould and cast surfaces of the specimen cured for at least 7 days at a relative humidity of 70  $\pm$  5% at a temperature of 20  $\pm$  2 °C are determined in daylight according to the Swedish standard SS 81 20 03. The standard colour models are pressed tightly against the specimen surface to compare the colour and darkness to the samples.

The specimens are photographed.

#### 4.3 Test results

The darkness of the specimen surfaces expressed as blackness percentages with the accuracy of  $\pm 5\%$  as well as the colour evaluation and photographs of the specimens are given as the test results.

#### 5. Applicability to underwater castings

- 5.1 Pre-mixed concretes, patch mortars, patch mastics, jointing grouts, jointing mastics and screeds
- 5.1.1 Principle

The tendency of a fresh mix to wash-out during underwater casting is measured.

5.1.2 Test procedure

The wash-out tendency is determined by means of a test where a steel mesh container is filled with the material and dropped through a layer of water. The container should be filled within three minutes from the end of mixing. The container is then repeatedly dropped five times through a 140 cm water depth. At the end of the test the weight loss from the material is determined. The total test series is repeated three times. The test arrangement is presented in Figure 1.





Figure 1. Arrangement for the testing of the material's tendency to wash out - pre-mixed concretes, patch mortars, patch mastics, jointing grouts, jointing mastics and screeds.

#### 5.1.3 Test results

The percentage weight loss as an average of the three test series is reported.

#### 5.2 Pre-mixed dry shotcretes

#### 5.2.1 Principle

The tendency of a sprayed concrete or air-blown mortar to wash-out during underwater casting is estimated visually.

#### 5.2.2 Test procedure

The applicability of the material for underwater application is tested by spraying 2 litres of concrete or air-blowing mortar vertically downwards through a water depth of 140 cm. The test is photographed. The test arrangement is shown in Figure 2.

#### 5.2.3 Test results

A visual estimation of the material's tendency to wash out and a photograph of performing the test are given as the test result.





Figure 2. Arrangement for the testing of the material's tendency to wash out - pre-mixed dry shotcretes.