



Title Preconditions for establishing and

maintaining test sites for cooperative mobility

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Citation 23rd World Congress on Intelligent Transport

Agency, ITS 2016, 10 - 14 October 2016,

Melbourne, Australia

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23rd World Congress on Intelligent Transport Systems

Melbourne Convention and Exhibition Centre 10-14 October 2016



ACTIVATING GLOBAL MOBILITY SOLUTIONS

ITS—ENHANCING LIVEABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES



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Preconditions for establishing and maintaining ITS test sites

Background and motivation

Source: Japan Automobile Research Institute (JARI)

Area with daily life infrastructure

Data link (doctor, etc.)

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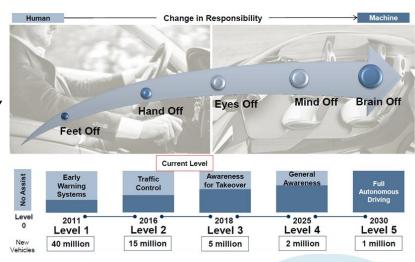
Onnection to charging infrastructure

Autonomous driving in specified area (platooning on specified area (platooning on specified routes

Supermarket, etc.

Manually driven lead EV for moving along a specified

Safety
Sustainability
Shared economy
Efficiency
Digitalization
Accessibility
Lower costs



Source:Frost&Sullivan,2016.

- +3500 people dies in car accidents daily, 50 million people are injured or disabled per year
 - Estimation: 50% in fatalities
- 1 billion vehicles = ~23 % GHC
- Average 235 hours driving every year in UK

Test ecosystem – what's that all about...



Responsibilities



Roles of vehicle and driver





OBJECTIVE

What are the most critical success factors in establishing and maintaining test site ecosystems?

Create economically viable facilities for companies and authorities to validate, market and assess impacts and performance of autonomous vehicle functions.

In practise: autonomous driving test setups and the coordinated forum for exchanging and benchmarking ideas

Benchmarked ecosystems

- Sweden
 - Swedish Proving Ground Association
 - Test Site Sweden, Gothenburg.
 - Drive Sweden, Gothenburg
 - -Astazero, Sandhult

- The Netherlands
 - Helmond Test Site



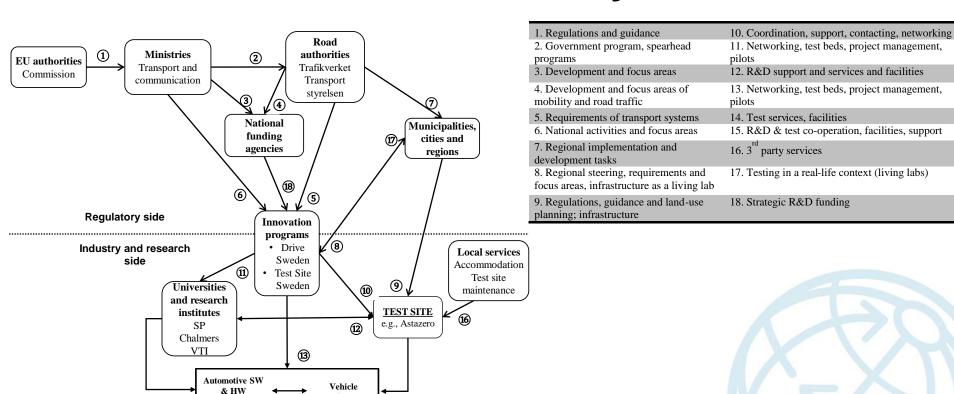
The Dutch ecosystem



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Enhancing Cooperative Mobility Solutions through Triple Helix and joint-development

The Swedish ecosystem



manufacturers

producers

Features of the Dutch and the Swedish ecosystems

Sweden

Test sites highly market-oriented

- Quite a limited co-operation between test sites and public authorities (espicially in No
- Authorities as providers of infrastructure and/or growth fund
- Automated driving and new mobility systems get the authorities' and ministries' attention (hot topic!)
 - Triple Helix approach
- Concrete focus and expertise areas
 - Active safety system and automated driving (Southern Sweden)
 - Cold climate testing (Northern Sweden)
- Future trends
 - Active safety systems
 - Real-time information sharing (V2X)
 - Living labs for testing (V2V2I) (automated driving)
 - Indoor test facilities
 - Automated driving and new mobility systems (e.g., MaaS)

The Netherlands

- Strong public support (i.e. national agenda)
- Relies on project and public funding
 - Commercial testing and activities will be more important
- Triple helix approach as a cornerstone
 - Funding, steering, collaboration...
 - Vital role of an umbrella organization
- Focus areas:
 - C-ITS and cooperative mobility
 - Mobility solutions
 - ITS corridors
- Future trends
 - Traffic management as a service (V2X)
 - Large-scale deployment of C-ITS systems
 - Automated driving
 - International collaboration

Benefits vs. cost/investments/challenges

- Enhancing wide spread multisectoral/national collaboration
- Revenue for companies
- Employment
- New business and exportation opportunities
- Cooperation and information exchange between companies
- Investments in infrastructure
- Development of mobility and traffic management (incl. procedures)

- Test site infrastructure setup (equipment, cars, etc.)
- Implementation and installation
- Cooperation with other test sites in Europe
- Commercialization
- Public funding (in the beginning)
- Harmonization of standardization
- Multisectoral and cross-sectional collaboration (i.e., horizontal and vertical)
- Coordination of activities

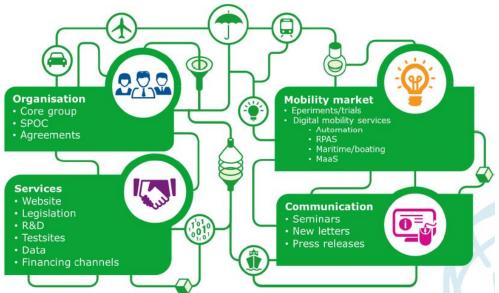
Conclusions

- Public funding to support the initiation and attract private investments (later commercialization)
- Ensure the **fit for purpose** by developing **solutions for real problems and for society** → Public sector as an enabler
- The coordinating company for the test ecosystem => enthusiastic, international connections, promoter, no own business interest...
- Business possibility analysis → novelty, competencies, niche...
- Triple Helix approach → Open innovation actions and shared research facilities/environments
- A wide variety of test facilities -> From closed indoor areas to living labs

Novelty value and know-how Co-location and collaboration		Industry	Public domain	Society
		Improvement of competitiveness	Contribution to the policy objectives and legistlation	Better traveller services
Umbrella organization		Market references and increase reputation	Effectivess and efficiency of traffic management	Better informed on the road
Triple Helix Public support and enabling		Multi-sectoral collaboration	Sustainability	Safety
		New business opportunities	Employment	Accessibility
		Product certification	Impact assessments	Safety
National ag	genda	Fit for purpose solutions	Enhanced national brand	Increased awareness

A Finnish example: TrafficLab







Finland is a traffic lab

 The goal of Finland is to be one of the best places in the world to develop and test digital transport services.

Emphasis on experiments

 The Traffic Lab's priorities include new service concepts for mobility, traffic automatization, the Internet of Things, as well as pilots

Aiming for the global market

 a channel for internationally launching services, and to promote export in cooperation

International Finland-window

 The Traffic Lab opens a door to the world and also to Finland









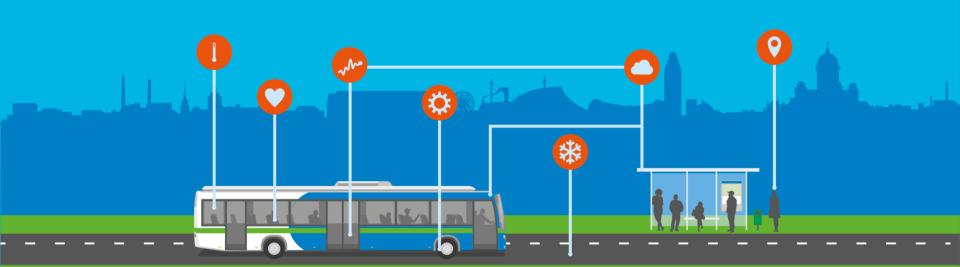


Living Lab Bus – Open innovation and test platform

Innovative electric buses serve as a test platform in real use environment.

Service and technology developers and providers are welcome to develop and test their solutions.

Real context and references – co-development and business ecosystem



Aurora

www. snowbox.fi



Region Fell Lapland will be in the international forefront in the automatization of transport systems by offering a unique arctic test site – the "Snowbox".

1. Arctic test sites for intelligent transport automatisation

Technology test site in real winter conditions with broad selection of services

2. Digitalised transport infrastructure and connected cars

Accurate mapping of road infrastructure and signage enabling connected driving and analytics for traffic management

4. Mobility as a Service

Flexible and affordable mobility services for tourists and locals without car dependency

3. Intelligent infrastructure asset management

Data collection and refined traffic management and maintenance processes in the era of automatisation









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